

Damping sounds

Sounds are made quieter by making objects vibrate less.

Some materials make an unpleasantly loud sound if they are allowed to vibrate freely. To make these sounds quieter we need to make the vibrations smaller. This is called **DAMPING**. Examples of dampers include the rubber feet fitted to washing machines (Picture 1) and fish tank pumps.

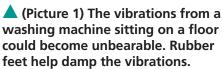
Dampers can simply *flatten* a sound, or make it quieter (Picture 2), or they can be used to *change* a sound, as is the case with pianos, in which felt dampers are used to reduce the loudness of the instrument (see page 22).

Find out about sound damping

Clamp a long ruler or other springy material to the edge of a table (Picture 3). Now push down the free end and let it go. The ruler will twang, or vibrate.

Write down the approximate size of the vibration and time how long it takes to stop.







(Picture 2) Holding your finger firmly on the loudspeaker will make the sound coming from it quieter.

